Drools Rule Engine Overview and Real Example

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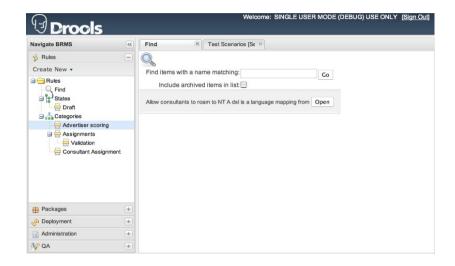
Agenda

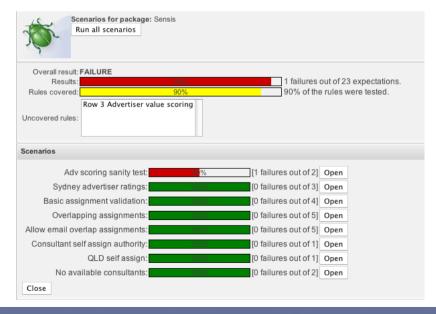
- What is a Drools ?
 - Drools History
 - Drools & Rules Engine
 - Rete Algorithm
 - Agenda Conflict Resolution
 - When to Use a Rule Engine
 - When Not to Use a Rule Engine
 - Who Should Use a Rule Engine
 - Authoring and Runtime

- A Real Example
 - Our Business Problem
 - Example of functionality
 - How we have express a Rules
 - Domain Specific Language
 - Spring and Drools

What is Orocle

- Drools is a business rule management system (BRMS) with a inference based rules engine, using an enhanced implementation of the Rete algorithm.
- Drools is an Open Source project, written by Bob McWhirter
- A complete implementation of the JSR94 Rule Engine API
- Eclipse IDE, plugin makes it easier than ever to use Drools





Drools History

- 2001: Started by Bob McWhirter (Drools 1.0 never released)
- Mark Proctor became the project leader during the 2.0 development cycle (at Codehaus) and moved the project to a final 2.0 release
- 2005: Drools was incorporated into JBoss Enterprise Middleware System (JEMS)
- 2006: JBoss was acquired by Red Hat
- 2007: JBoss Rules 4.0 is a rewrite with a full and enhanced Rete implementation with GUI tooling.
- 2008: Drools-4.0.4, was released Jan. 15th, 2008

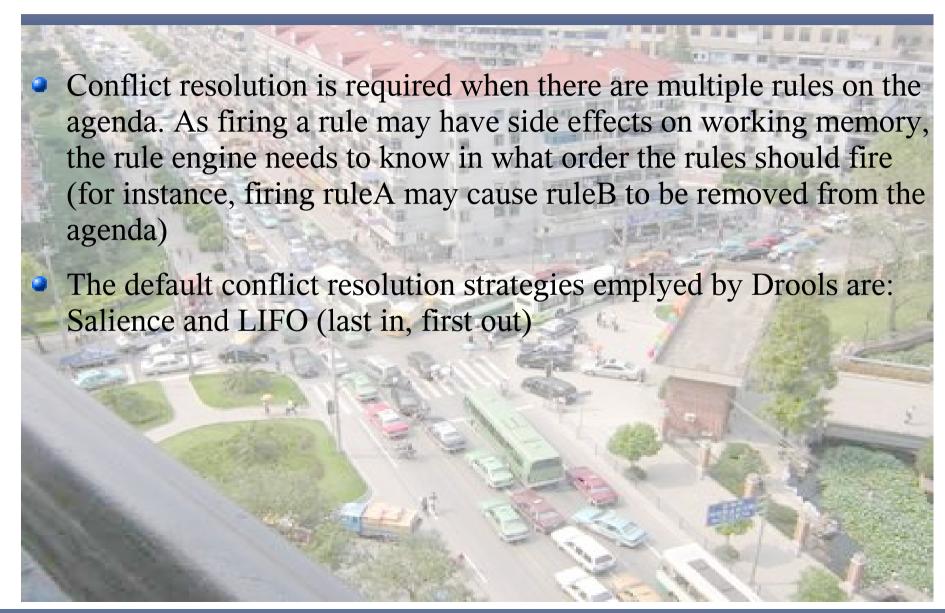
Drools & Rules Engine

• Inference Engine: is a Inference **Engine** computer program that tries (ReteOO/Leaps) to derive answers from a Pattern Production Working Matcher knowledge base(rules and Memory Memory facts) (facts) Agenda People.sex == "male" Inference <conditions> (aka LHS) **Engine** then Results र्द

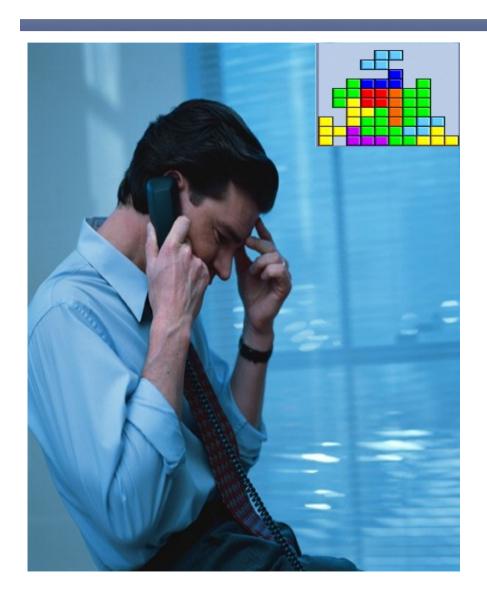
Rete Algorithm

- The Rete algorithm is an efficient pattern matching algorithm for implementing production rule systems
- The Rete algorithm is designed to sacrifice memory for increased speed
- The Rete algorithm exhibits the following important characteristics:
 - It reduces or eliminates certain types of redundancy through the use of node sharing
 - It stores partial matches when performing joins between different fact types.
 - It allows for efficient removal of memory elements when facts are retracted from working memory.

Agenda: conflict resolution



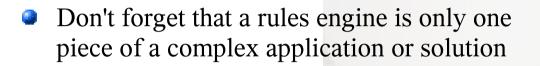
When to use a Rule Engine



- The logic changes often
- Domain experts (or business analysts) are readily available, but are nontechnical
- The problem is beyond any obvious algorithm based solution
- The problem may not be complex, but you can't see a non-fragile way of building it

When not to use a Rule Engine

Touarea



- Rules engines are not really intended to handle workflow or process executions
- Rule engines work best when you are able to write declarative rules
- If the code is not going to be maintained over time, then don't use a rules engineyou probably won't gain any significant advantage from it.

Who to use a Rule Engine

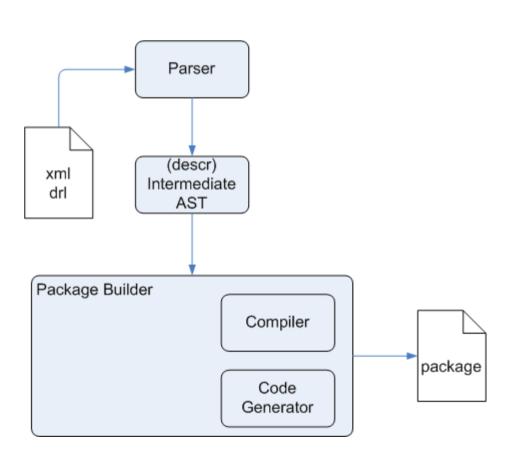
- Insurance
 - Rating
 - Automated underwriting
 - Claims routing and management
 - Suitability/Compliance
- Financial Services
 - Loan origination
 - Pro-forma trading models
 - Fraud detection
 - Asset management

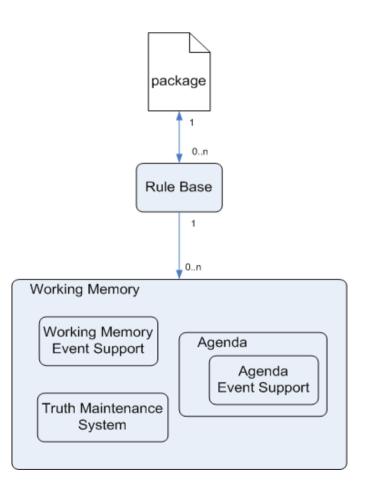
- Ecommerce
 - Cross selling
 - Sales configuration
 - Content and access security
- Government
 - Tax calculations
 - Fee calculations
 - Application processing
- Manufacturing
 - Supply chain management
 - Product configuration

Authoring and runtime

Package building

Package consummation



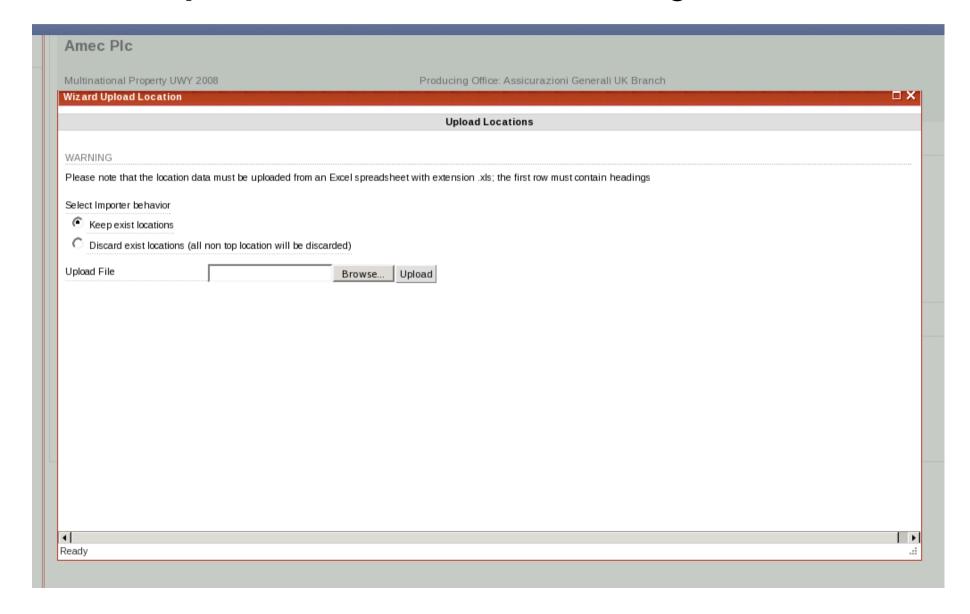


A Real Example: Business Requirement

- Acquire from a spreadsheet a massive location upload, every location has about 60 information, many value to be verified and validate before accept into system(risk management system)
- We have decided to use Drools for validation of the single row of spreadsheet

Inceptio n Date	Expirati on Date	Local Policy Number	UWY	Sequence	Country Name	Country ISO Code	State/Pr	State/Pr ovince Code info	Town Name
25/03/2008 25/03/2008 25/03/2008 25/03/2008 25/03/2008 25/03/2008	24/03/2009 24/03/2009 24/03/2009 24/03/2009		2007 2007 2007 2007 2007 2007		Brazil Australia Austria France China China	BR AU AT FR CN CN			Sao Paulo Moorebank Höchst Alby sur Cl Guangzhou Shanghai

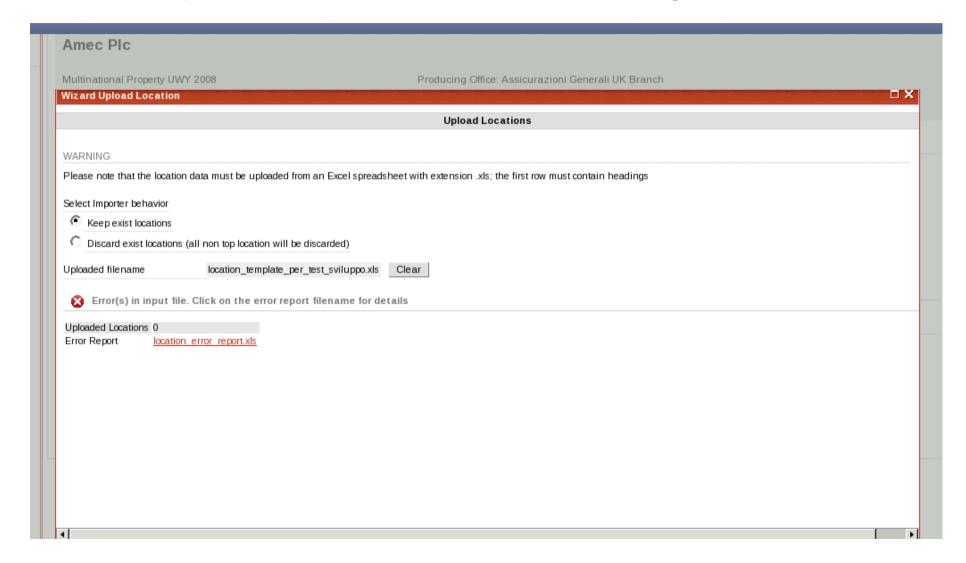
Examples of Functionality 1 of 9



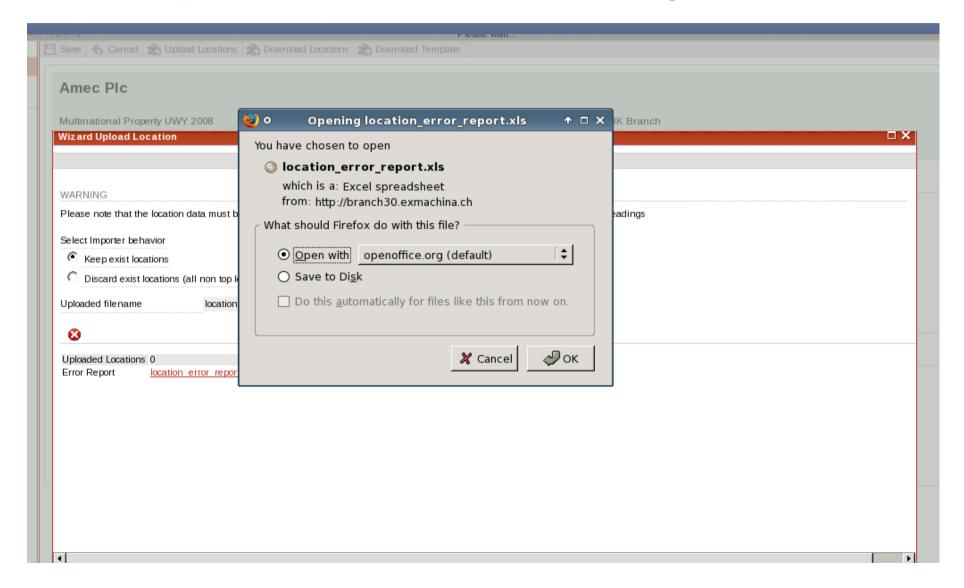
Examples of Functionality 2 of 9

A2	A2 $f_{60} \Sigma = 06/10/2008$									
	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	H A		
1	Inception Date	Expiration Date	Local Policy Number	UWY	Sequence	Country Name	Country ISO Code	State/Province Na		
2	10. Jun. 2008	11. Jun. 2007		2006			AR			
3	1. Jun. 2008			2006			AR			
4	1. Jun. 2008	30. May. 2009		2006			AR			
5	1. Jun. 2008	30. May. 2009		2006			AR			
6	1. Jun. 2008	30. May. 2009		2006			AR			
7	1. Jun. 2008	30. May. 2009		2006			AU			
8	1. Jun. 2008	30. May. 2009		2006			AU			
9	1. Jun. 2008	30. May. 2009		2006			AU			
10	1. Jun. 2008	30. May. 2009		2006			AU			
11	1. Jun. 2008	30. May. 2009		2006			AU AU			
13	1. Jun. 2008 1. Jun. 2008	30. May. 2009 30. May. 2009		2006 2006			AU			
14	1. Jun. 2008	30. May. 2009		2006			AU			
15	1. Jun. 2008	30. May. 2009		2006			AR			
16	1. Jun. 2008	30. May. 2009		2006			AR			
17	1. Jun. 2008	30. May. 2009		2006			AR	<u> </u>		
18	1. Jun. 2008	30. May. 2009		2006			П			
19	1. Jun. 2008	30. May. 2009		2006			AU			
20	1. Julii 2000	Sor may 2005	Dinossoz	2000	test i	/ CO THE LET	7.0			
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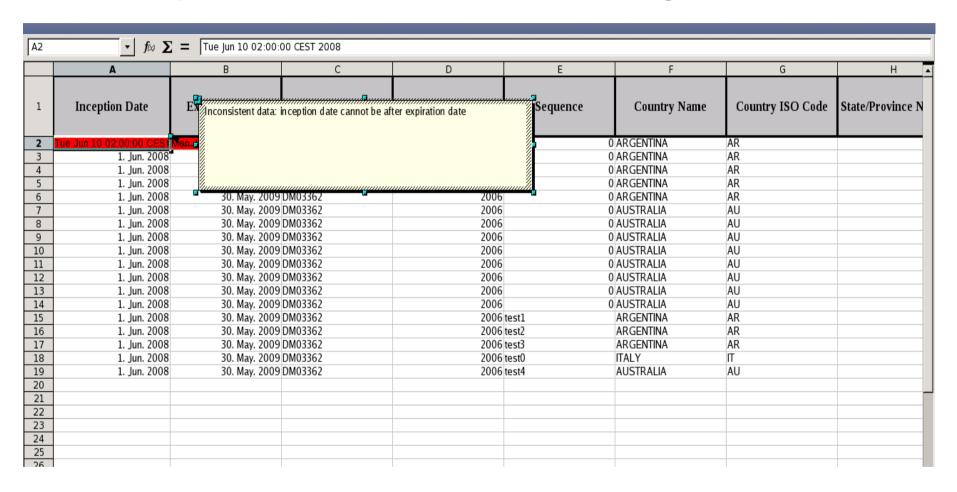
Examples of Functionality 3 of 9



Examples of Functionality 4 of 9



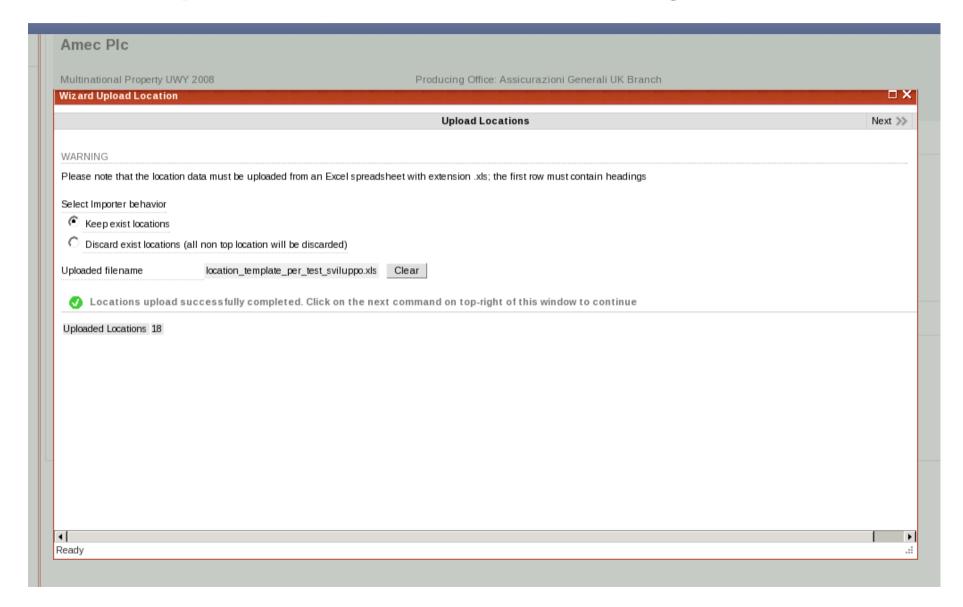
Examples of Functionality 5 of 9



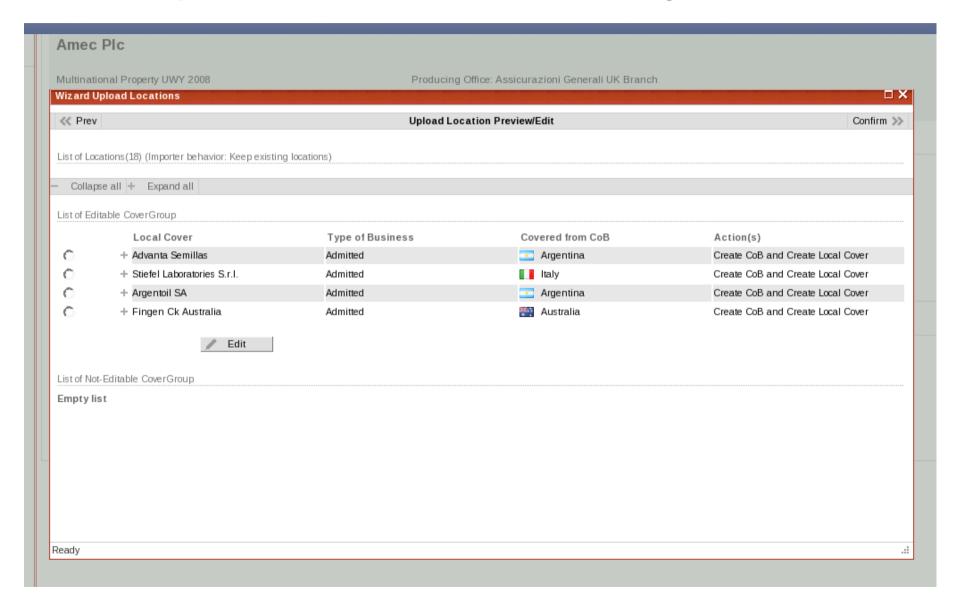
Examples of Functionality 6 of 9

A2										
	Α	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н		
1	Inception Date	Expiration Date	Local Policy Number	UWY	Sequence	Country Name	Country ISO Code	State/Province Na		
2	1. Jun. 2008	30. May. 2009		2006	0	ARGENTINA	AR			
3	1. Jun. 2008	30. May. 2009		2006		ARGENTINA	AR			
4	1. Jun. 2008	30. May. 2009		2006		ARGENTINA	AR			
5	1. Jun. 2008	30. May. 2009		2006		ARGENTINA	AR			
6	1. Jun. 2008	30. May. 2009		2006		ARGENTINA	AR			
7	1. Jun. 2008	30. May. 2009		2006		AUSTRALIA	AU			
8	1. Jun. 2008	30. May. 2009		2006		AUSTRALIA	AU			
9	1. Jun. 2008	30. May. 2009		2006		AUSTRALIA	AU			
10	1. Jun. 2008	30. May. 2009		2006		AUSTRALIA	AU			
11	1. Jun. 2008	30. May. 2009		2006		AUSTRALIA	AU			
12	1. Jun. 2008	30. May. 2009		2006		AUSTRALIA	AU			
13	1. Jun. 2008	30. May. 2009		2006		AUSTRALIA	AU			
14	1. Jun. 2008	30. May. 2009		2006		AUSTRALIA	AU			
15	1. Jun. 2008	30. May. 2009		2006		ARGENTINA	AR			
16	1. Jun. 2008	30. May. 2009		2006		ARGENTINA	AR			
17	1. Jun. 2008	30. May. 2009		2006		ARGENTINA	AR			
18	1. Jun. 2008	30. May. 2009		2006		ITALY	П			
19 20	1. Jun. 2008	30. May. 2009	DM03362	2006	test4	AUSTRALIA	AU			
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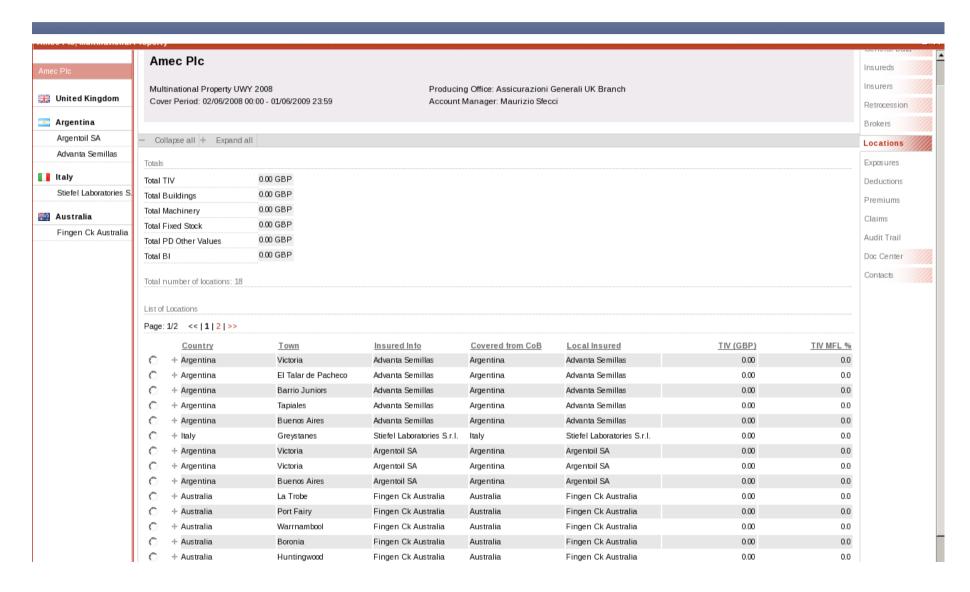
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Examples of Functionality 8 of 9



Examples of Functionality 9 of 9



Upload Locations Rules with DRL Language

```
rule "Inception date is after expiration data"
    dialect "iava"
   $row: SpreadsheetRowBean( $id: inceptionDate!=null, $ed: expirationDate!=null )
    eval($id.after($ed))
    then
   $row.addErrorForProperty("inceptionDate", "Inconsistent data: inception date cannot be after expiration date");
   $row.addErrorForProperty("expirationDate", "Inconsistent data: expiration date cannot be before inception date");
end
rule "Inception date is before inception date OR expiration date of Insured Cover"
    dialect "java"
    when
   $row: SpreadsheetRowBean( $id: inceptionDate!=null, $lic1: insuredCover !=null )
    eval($id.before($lic1.getInceptionDate()))
    or eval($id.after($lic1.getExpirationDate()))
    $row.addErrorForProperty("Inconsistent data", "location inception date cannot be outside LIC cover period");
end
rule "Expiration date is before inception date OR is after expiration date of Insured Cover"
    dialect "java"
   $row: SpreadsheetRowBean( $ed: expirationDate!=null, $lic1: insuredCover !=null )
    eval($ed.before($lic1.getInceptionDate()))
    or eval($ed.after($lic1.getExpirationDate()))
    $row.addErrorForProperty("expirationDate", "Inconsistent data: location expiration date cannot be outside LIC cover period");
end
```

Inception date is after expiration date(DRL example)

```
rule "Inception date is after expiration data"
    dialect "java"
    when
    $row: SpreadsheetRowBean( $id: inceptionDate!=null, $ed: expirationDate!=null )

    eval($id.after($ed))

    then
    $row.addErrorForProperty("inceptionDate", "Inconsistent data: inception date cannot be after expiration date");
    $row.addErrorForProperty("expirationDate", "Inconsistent data: expiration date cannot be before inception date");
end
```

Inception date is after expiration date(DSL example)

```
Prule "Inception date is after expiration data"
     dialect "iava"
     when
          There is a row in the spreadsheet where
              - inception date is not null
              - expiration date is not null
          Is inception date after expiration date
     then
          invalidate row for column with explanation: 'inceptionDate' 'Inconsistent data: inception date cannot be after expiration date'
          invalidate row for column with explanation: 'expirationDate' 'Inconsistent data: expiration date cannot be before inception date'
 end
                                                           - country is null
                                                                                                           country == null
rule "Inception date is before inception dat
                                                           - get country iso code
                                                                                                           $isocode: countryISOCode
     dialect "java"
                                                           Add loaded country to current row
                                                                                                           $row.setCountry(ruleEngineHelper.getCountryByCountry
      when
                                                           update row
                                                                                                           update($row);
                                                           Read Business Entity
                                                                                                           $be: BusinessEntity()
                                                           - country is not null
                                                                                                           $country: country!=null

    local insured name is not null

                                                                                                           $localinsuredName: localinsuredName!=null
                                                           - insured cover is null
                                                                                                           insuredCover == null
                                                           There is a cover group where
                                                                                                           $cg : CoverGroup()
                                                           - country Id equal to the current country Id
                                                                                                           country.id == $country.id
                                                           Read cover groups from business entity
                                                                                                           from $be.getCoverGroups()
                                                           There is insured cover with
                                                                                                           $lic: InsuredCover()

    principal local insured name is equal to current lc eval(principalLocalInsured.getName().equalsIgnoreCase

                                                          Read local insureds from cover group
                                                                                                           from $cg.getLics()
                                                           Add insured cover to current row
                                                                                                           $row.setInsuredCover($lic);
                                                           Add cover group of local insured to current row
                                                                                                           $row.setCoverGroup($lic.getCoverGroup());
```

Spring & Drools

```
<!--======Business Rules Engine========-->
    <bean id="ruleBase" class="ch.exm.opengenerisk.rules.RuleBaseFactoryBean" scope="protot"</pre>
        property name="dslrResource">
           st>
               <value>rules/VerifyLocationRows.dslr</value>
           </list>
        property name="dslResource">
           st>
              <value>rules/ImporterRules.dsl</value>
           </list>
        </bean>
    <bean id="locationLoader" class="ch.exm.opengenerisk.util.spreadsheet.location.Location"</pre>
        roperty name="ruleBase" ref="ruleBase"/>
        roperty name="daoManager" ref="daoManager" />
    </bean>
     <!--========== EXCEPTIONS ===========--->
Design Source
```

Drools Resource

- Drools
 - http://labs.jboss.com/drools/downloads.html
- Eclipse Plugin Installation
 - http://downloads.jboss.com/drools/updatesite3.3/
- Others resorces
 - http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Drools
 - http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Rete_algorithm
 - http://www.onjava.com/pub/a/onjava/2005/08/03/drools.html

Thank you !!!

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